The Forgotten People-

State Could Remedy Conditions for Migrant Labor

Wright sums up what he and tomato patches with these out human dignity. I was must be done: found is working and living itinerant crop harvesters. I touched by the hopelessness I as a migrant laborer off and grubbed in the rich earth with saw in a little child's eyes. on over a period of six months. And from his experi chopped cabbage in the same sick from the tomato fields ences with these despairing fields. "forgotten people" he offers suggestions for breaking the the "stoop" laborer and along Beach. I found the same

topes. By DALE WRIGHT.

World-Telegram Staff Writer. I saw it all—the misery and ugliness of the migrant's labor camp and the fields where he worked from Florida to Long Is-

land.

them for potatoes and I I came away angry and

vicious circle of their lost with him I was cheated out of crude exploitation, the same

> I found that despite legislative efforts and the work of

ter their way of life. I found that he is forced food crops.

I labored in the same bean to exist in degradation with-

just 30 miles south of the glit-I shared wretched food with ter and wealth of Miami my meager wages - work dreadful living conditions, just 30 miles south of New

York City. The question is what can social and religious agencies be done to remedy the plight to improve the lot of the no- of the migrant farm worker, dren with an education, so ily, little has been done to bet- and sometimes blood-go into and compete for jobs with

Guarantee the migrant an honest day's work. farm worker a fair wage for his labor, if necessary live where he can care for through federal

wage laws.

the processor. Provide him and his chil-

tage.

Give him a decent place to nity.

There are before Congress man least able to defend today some plans in this diexploitation rection, Sen. Harrison A. Wilby his crew leader, the grow- liams Jr. (D., N., J.), chairer, the shipper, the packer man of the Senate subcommittee on migratory labor, has proposed an 11-point package of legislation madic farm hand and his fam whose sweat and toil-yes, they can better themselves signed to bring the migrant

the Puerto Rican Labor De- relief burdens. minimum his family in peace and dig- partment has set up con-

None of these guarantees job, they have only scratched for so many years that he is are available to the vast majority of migrant farm hands Mexicans, Cubans, Bermudi one all encompassing unit with lng, hard-working, underpaid ans and a sprinkling of whites adequate powers to enforce tomato picker who is cheated out of that clump of trees -who come out of the South the harvest of this nation's others who have that advant where he lives and into or from their respective is for new remedial legislation. rights as an American when the mainstream of American lands to labor their way

These are the things that Treat and cure his many life where he can enjoy his North. They hope to end the its pioneer role in handling ailments so that he can do rights and privileges as a summer with enough money the itinerant crop picker. It to pay their way home. In is true, there are some laws.

> Enlightened Nev tractual arrangements under should show the way in south and central New Jersey. which off-shore workers are improving working and livguaranteed minimum wages ing conditions for migrants, has been tucked away with and a fixed number of work Although seven separate his family in that inevitable hours during harvest seasons. agencies are at work on the clump of trees and forgotten

> the surface. The work of these agencies and privileges as a citizen. -Negroes, West Indians, should be consolidated into Can anyone expect the sweatall existing laws and press at every hand to ask for his

The migration division of stead many rema - re as But they are not being adequately enforced. I found State many examples of laxity in

The migrant farm worker unaware that he has rights

New Jersey often points to he does not know they exist?